

Weekly Bottom Line

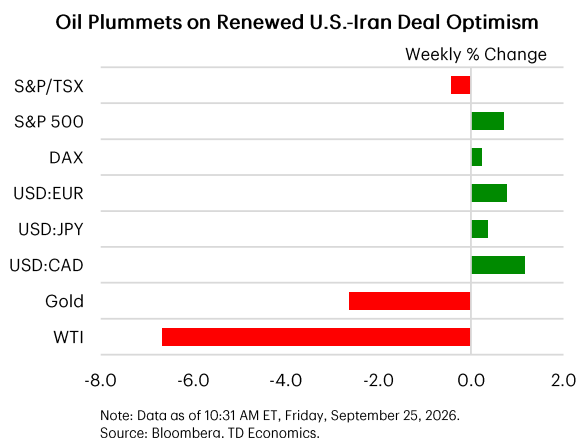
September 25, 2026

Highlights

- The global bond selloff intensified this week, with the 10-year Treasury yield reaching a new 19-year high.
- A proposed 90-day diesel export ban could lower domestic prices, but also curb refinery output and raise gasoline and global fuel costs.
- This week's Fed speeches were notably unified, with all officials striking a hawkish tone amid signs that domestic activity is strengthening.

This Week in the Markets				
	Current*	Week Ago	52-Week High	52-Week Low
Stock Market Indexes				
S&P 500	7707	7651	7799	6344
S&P/TSX Comp.	35643	35807	36958	29732
DAX	25357	25304	26570	22301
FTSE 100	10674	10659	10911	9214
Nikkei	66364	65019	72366	44551
Fixed Income Yields				
U.S. 10-yr Treasury	5.22	5.00	5.22	3.94
Canada 10-yr Bond	3.99	3.88	4.00	3.04
Germany 10-yr Bund	3.63	3.52	3.63	2.55
UK 10-yr Gilt	5.40	5.30	5.40	4.23
Japan 10-yr Bond	3.08	2.99	3.08	1.63
Foreign Exchange Cross Rates				
C\$ (USD per CAD)	0.71	0.72	0.74	0.70
Euro (USD per EUR)	1.14	1.15	1.20	1.14
Pound (USD per GBP)	1.32	1.34	1.38	1.30
Yen (JPY per USD)	157.4	156.9	163.9	147.1
Commodity Spot Prices**				
Crude Oil (\$US/bbl)	93.77	100.30	113.0	55.3
Natural Gas (\$US/MMBtu)	2.97	2.99	33.80	0.26
Copper (\$US/met. tonne)	14745.8	14543.1	14821.0	10142.6
Gold (\$US/troy oz.)	4265.0	4378.6	5417.2	3749.4

*As of 10:33 AM on Friday. **Oil-WTI, Cushing, Nat. Gas-Henry Hub, LA (Thursday close price). Copper-LME Grade A. Gold-London Gold Bullion. Source: Bloomberg.



Global Official Policy Rate Targets	
Central Banks	Current Target
Federal Reserve (Fed Funds Rate)	3.75 - 4.00%
Bank of Canada (Overnight Rate)	2.25%
European Central Bank (Refi Rate)	2.65%
Bank of England (Repo Rate)	3.75%
Bank of Japan (Overnight Rate)	1.25%

Source: Bloomberg.

TD Economics Key Financial Forecasts													
	Current Rate	2025				2026				2027			
	9-25-26	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3F	Q4F	Q1F	Q2F	Q3F	Q4F
Fed Funds Target Rate	4.00	4.50	4.50	4.25	3.75	3.75	3.75	4.00	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.00	3.75
2-yr Govt. Bond Yield	4.90	3.89	3.72	3.60	3.47	3.79	4.14	4.60	4.40	4.10	3.90	3.80	3.65
10-yr Govt. Bond Yield	5.22	4.23	4.24	4.16	4.18	4.30	4.44	4.90	4.70	4.55	4.40	4.35	4.25
30-yr Govt. Bond Yield	5.52	4.59	4.78	4.73	4.84	4.88	4.91	5.30	5.10	4.95	4.80	4.75	4.65

Note: Forecast by TD Economics as of September 2026; all forecasts are end-of-period. Source: Bloomberg, Federal Reserve Board, TD Economics.

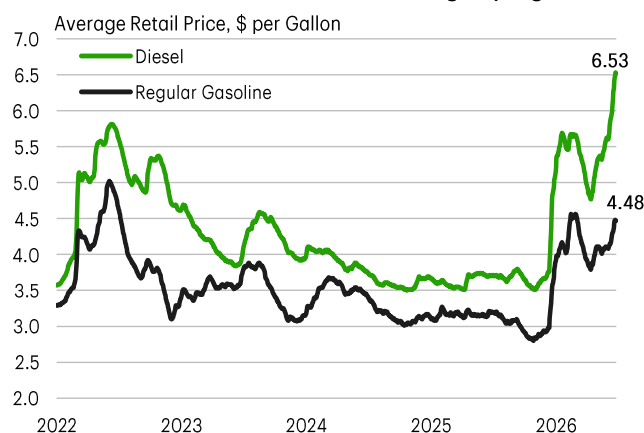
Resilient Growth Keeps the Fed on Edge

Thomas Feltmate, Director & Senior Economist
416-944-5730

The global bond selloff intensified this week, with the U.S. 10-year Treasury yield reaching a 19-year high of 5.22%. The rout reflected a confluence of factors: strong PMI data pointing to resilient growth and persistent inflation pressures, hawkish Fed commentary, and lackluster demand at a five-year Treasury auction. Geopolitical developments added to the uncertainty. Iran's president told the UN General Assembly that reopening the Strait of Hormuz remained conditional on the U.S. lifting its blockade on Iranian exports, dashing hopes for any near-term diplomatic breakthrough. Even so, oil prices fell 6% on the week to \$94 per barrel as Saudi Arabia resumed operations on its East-West Pipeline – a key artery that transports roughly 4% of global oil supply. Meanwhile, the only meaningful outcome from this week's meeting between President Trump and President Xi was an extension to the U.S.–China trade truce to January 2027, pushing back a November expiry and averting a renewed escalation toward the triple-digit tariffs.

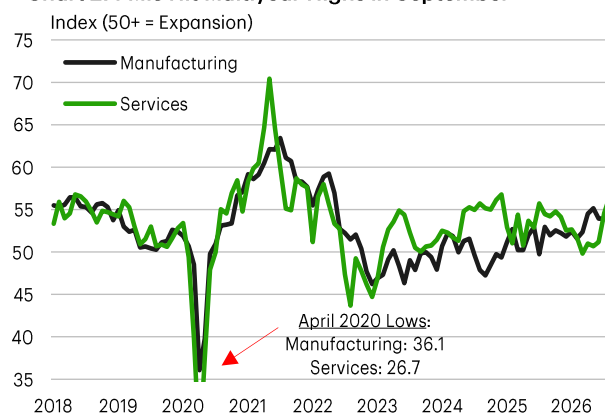
Despite the pullback in crude prices, refined-product markets remain tight. Retail diesel prices climbed above \$6.50 per gallon while regular gasoline is hovering at \$4.50 (Chart 1). The sharp rise in fuel costs prompted President Trump to propose a 90-day ban on diesel exports. Because the U.S. supplies roughly 20% of globally traded diesel, a ban would immediately redirect more supply to the domestic market, providing some near-term relief at the pump. However, the effects would vary considerably by region. The Gulf Coast, home to more than half of U.S. refining capacity, produces substan-

Chart 1: Fuel Prices Have Pushed Meaningfully Higher



Source: Energy Information Administration, TD Economics.

Chart 2: PMIs Hit Multiyear Highs in September



Source: S&P Global, TD Economics.

tially more fuel than it consumes, while the East Coast relies partly on imports. An export ban would therefore strand excess supply on the Gulf Coast while tightening global markets. It could also create broader distortions because refineries jointly produce gasoline, diesel, and jet fuel. If surplus diesel forced refiners to reduce crude throughput, supplies of gasoline and jet fuel could also tighten, adding upward pressure to their prices.

Simply put, there is no easy way to lower refined-product prices without a corresponding pullback in crude oil – and that appears unlikely in the near term. As a result, the second-round effects of higher energy costs may persist longer than previously expected. This has become a growing concern for Fed officials, particularly as strong aggregate demand also appears to be keeping inflation elevated. That concern was reinforced by S&P's flash estimates of manufacturing and services PMIs for September, which showed activity expanding at its fastest pace in several years (Chart 2). The acceleration was driven largely by sharp gains in new orders and employment, while input costs also rose.

Fed officials had appeared increasingly divided earlier in the year, but this week's remarks conveyed far greater unity, consistent with last week's unanimous decision to raise rates. All nine officials who discussed the outlook struck a hawkish tone, and none expressed clear support for a pause. Next week's August PCE inflation data and September employment report will be key in shaping the Fed's next decision. Fed futures are currently pricing 66% odds of another hike in October.

Exhibits

Recent Key Economic Indicators: Sep 21 - 25, 2026					
Release Date	Economic Indicator/Event	Data for Period	Units	Current	Prior
United States					
Sep 23	S&P Global US Manufacturing PMI	Sep	Index	57.0	53.9
Sep 23	S&P Global US Services PMI	Sep	Index	58.7	56.5
Sep 23	S&P Global US Composite PMI	Sep	Index	58.4	56.0
Sep 24	Initial Jobless Claims	Sep 19	Thsd	197.0	198.0
Sep 24	Building Permits	Aug	Thsd	1403.0	1394.0
Sep 24	New Home Sales	Aug	Thsd	684.0	643.0
Sep 25	Durable Goods Orders	Aug	M/M % Chg.	0.0	0.9
Sep 25	Cap Goods Orders Nondef Ex Air	Aug	M/M % Chg.	1.6	0.6
Canada					
Sep 24	CFIB Business Barometer	Sep	Index	47.9	57.7
Sep 24	Payroll Employment Change - SEPH	Jul	Thsd	26.1	20.2
Sep 24	Retail Sales	Jul	M/M % Chg.	-0.7	0.6
Sep 24	Retail Sales Ex Auto	Jul	M/M % Chg.	-0.7	0.5
International					
Source: Bloomberg, TD Economics.					

Upcoming Economic Releases and Events: Sep 28 - Oct 02, 2026

Release Date	Time*	Economic Indicator/Event	Data for Period	Units	Consensus Forecast	Last Period
United States						
Sep 28	13:30	<i>Fed's Barkin in Fireside Chat</i>				
Sep 29	9:00	S&P CoreLogic CS 20-City NSA	Jul	Y/Y % Chg.	-	2.1
Sep 29	9:00	S&P CoreLogic CS US HPI NSA	Jul	Y/Y % Chg.	-	1.5
Sep 29	10:00	Conf. Board Consumer Confidence	Sep	Index	90.0	89.4
Sep 29	10:00	Job Openings	Aug	Mlns	7.2	7.3
Sep 29	13:00	<i>Fed's Goolsbee Speaks in Moderated Discussion</i>				
Sep 29	14:00	<i>Fed's Williams Gives Keynote Remarks</i>				
Sep 30	8:15	ADP Employment Change	Sep	Thsd	70.0	38.0
Sep 30	8:30	Advance Goods Trade Balance	Aug	Blns	-113.9	-118.9
Sep 30	8:30	PCE Price Index	Aug	Y/Y % Chg.	3.7	3.7
Sep 30	8:30	Core PCE Price Index	Aug	Y/Y % Chg.	3.3	3.3
Sep 30	8:30	Personal Income	Aug	M/M % Chg.	0.5	0.4
Sep 30	8:30	Real Personal Spending	Aug	M/M % Chg.	0.6	0.0
Sep 30	13:30	<i>Fed's Barkin Gives Welcome Remarks at Rural America Conference</i>				
Sep 30	15:25	<i>Fed's Cook Speaks at Investing in Rural America Conference</i>				
Sep 30	17:10	<i>Fed's Goolsbee Gives Keynote Address</i>				
Sep 30	18:00	<i>Fed's Kashkari Speaks in Fireside Chat</i>				
Oct 1	8:30	Initial Jobless Claims	Sep 26	Thsd	-	197.0
Oct 1	9:45	S&P Global US Manufacturing PMI	Sep	Index	-	57.0
Oct 1	10:00	ISM Manufacturing	Sep	Index	55.0	54.6
Oct 1	9:05	<i>Fed's Barkin, Collins, Schmid on Panel About Rural America</i>				
Oct 1	15:30	<i>Fed's Cook and NY Fed's Williams at Panel</i>				
Oct 1	18:45	<i>Fed's Logan Speaks At Eleventh District Appreciation Event</i>				
Oct 2	8:30	Average Hourly Earnings	Sep	M/M % Chg.	0.3	0.3
Oct 2	8:30	Change in Nonfarm Payrolls	Sep	Thsd	100.0	162.0
Oct 2	8:30	Unemployment Rate	Sep	%	4.1	4.1
Oct 2	10:00	Cap Goods Orders Nondef Ex Air	Aug	M/M % Chg.	-	1.6
Oct 2	10:00	Durable Goods Orders	Aug	M/M % Chg.	-	0.0
Oct 2	10:00	Factory Orders	Aug	M/M % Chg.	-0.1	0.9
Oct 2	10:00	Factory Orders Ex Trans	Aug	M/M % Chg.	-	0.6
Canada						
Sep 29	8:30	Gross Domestic Product	Jul	M/M % Chg.	0.1	0.3
Sep 29	13:35	<i>BoC's Gravelle Speaks in Fireside Chat</i>				
Oct 1	TBD	<i>BoC's Rogers Gives Keynote Address</i>				
International						
Sep 29	19:50	JN Retail Sales	Aug	Y/Y % Chg.	3.2	3.7
Sep 29	21:30	CH Manufacturing PMI	Sep	Index	50.1	49.8
Sep 30	2:00	UK Gross Domestic Product	Q2	Y/Y % Chg.	1.2	1.2
Oct 1	5:00	EZ Unemployment Rate	Aug	%	6.4	6.4
Oct 1	19:30	JN Jobless Rate	Aug	%	2.4	2.4
Oct 1	19:30	JN Tokyo Consumer Price Index	Sep	Y/Y % Chg.	2.5	2.9
Oct 2	5:00	EZ Consumer Price Index	Sep	Y/Y % Chg.	3.6	3.2

*Eastern Standard Time. Source: Bloomberg, TD Economics.

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